

Ninth Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD 9)

July 2025
African Affairs Department,
MOFA

Feature

- **Summit-level international conference on African development** launched by Japan in 1993.
- In addition to the TICAD co-organizers (UN, UNDP, World Bank and AUC), **a variety of stakeholders** involved in African development including international organizations, private sector, civil society, and local governments will participate.



Overview

- Dates and Location : 20th to 22nd August 2025, in Yokohama
- **Co-creating solutions to challenges facing Africa and international community.**
- Aiming to **strengthen cooperation with Africa**, which has a growing presence in the international community, in order to enhance global governance.
- Discussing in three areas; **Society**, **Peace and stability** and **Economy**, focusing on cross-cutting themes such as **public-private partnerships**, **youth and women**, and **regional integration** and **strengthening connectivity within and outside Africa**.
- **A number of thematic events** (seminars, booths and exhibits) will be organized by international organizations, private companies, civil society organizations.



- Capacity building of youth and women
- Providing solutions related to health(Universal Health Coverage), education and environment
- People and cultural exchange

- Preventing conflicts and addressing root causes
- Boosting African initiatives
- Human security
- Strengthening the involvement of women and youth, etc.

- Promotion of trade and investment, industrialization
- Regional integration, connectivity within and outside Africa
- Innovation, startup
- Mobilization of private funds

- 1 Africa as **a continent with dynamic growth potential**, with a projected population of about 2.5 billion in 2050, about a quarter of the world's population (and about a third of the youth population)




In Africa, **economic growth is often boosted** by leapfrogging **which involves adopting innovation to introduce new services**.

It is important to incorporate the vitality of young growing Africa through **fostering development** and **strengthening public-private partnerships**, while leveraging problem-solving expertise of Japanese companies.

- 2 In the international community, African countries account for roughly a **quarter of the total number of UN member states**.
The African Union (AU) **joined the G20 in 2023** with the **growing presence of African countries**.



Photo :
G20 South Africa 2025



It is important to **strengthen cooperation with African countries** through **the TICAD process** to enhance **inclusive and responsible global governance** including **promoting the rule of law**.

History

T I C A D I (1993) Tokyo

Provided an opportunity to bring back global attention to Africa in Post-Cold War era.

T I C A D II (1998) Tokyo

Clearly articulated priority policies and actions.

Highlighted the importance of ownership and partnership.

T I C A D III (2003) Tokyo

Agreed on expanding partnership to include Asian countries.

Focused on the concept of human security.

T I C A D IV (2008) Yokohama

Established the follow-up mechanism.

T I C A D V (2013) Yokohama

Advocated for the *Quality Growth* and promotion of trade and investment through public-private partnerships.

T I C A D VI (2016) Nairobi (Kenya)

First TICAD held in Africa.

Announced investment for Africa's future through quality infrastructure investment, human resource development, etc.

T I C A D 7 (2019) Yokohama

Mainly focused on African business.

Discussions based on three Pillars:

Economy, Society and Peace and Stability.

T I C A D 8 (2022) Tunis (Tunisia)

As partner growing together with Africa, aiming for a resilient Africa.



TICAD I



TICADVI



TICAD7



TICAD8